DEMONSTRATION OF THE RATOM TOOLSET:

Review, Appraisal, And Triage of Mail

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Abstract – We will demonstrate open source software (OSS) tools and methods for libraries, archives and museums (LAMs) to identify email in born-digital collections, review email sources for sensitive or restricted materials, and perform appraisal and triage tasks to identify and annotate records. We will illustrate products of the Review, Appraisal and Triage of Mail (RATOM) project's use of machine learning to separate records from non-records, along with natural language processing methods to identify entities of interest within those records.

Keywords – email curation, appraisal, natural language processing, machine learning, timelines

Conference Topics – Exploring New Horizons; The Cutting Edge: Technical Infrastructure and Implementation

I. BACKGROUND

Despite progress on various technologies to support both digital preservation and archival description, we have still seen relatively little progress on software support for the core library, archives and museum (LAM) activities of selection and appraisal.

The BitCurator environment allows LAMs to engage in acquisition of data from media, as well as carrying out characterization and triage of the data, exposing numerous data points that can inform selection and appraisal decisions, including file types, file sizes, timestamps, original directory structures, potentially sensitive features. However, these various forms of output are generally static. Users have expressed interest in additional ways to iteratively make judgements. Software developed by the BitCurator Access and BitCurator NLP projects – including topic modelling and named entity extraction - can further facilitate such decision-making. By incorporating timeline representations and visualizations, LAM professionals also can get useful, high-level views of the materials that they are investigating.

Email is often part of collections and acquisitions that include other types of materials, and LAMs frequently want to take actions that reflect those contextual relationships. The Transforming Online Mail with Embedded Semantics (TOMES) project has developed software to identify email accounts of public officials with enduring value in order to

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capture, preserve and provide access to important government records.

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II. DEMONSTRATION

This demonstration will present a set of modular Python tools built using open source libraries to support email processing tasks, with a specific focus on applying these tools to large collections (hundreds of thousands to millions of messages). These include extracting and cleansing content and metadata from common formats (including PST and the mbox family of formats); examples of efficient data structures to facilitate retrieval, statistical analysis, and ML tasks; identification and markup of features of interest within messages (including entities and sensitive information identifiers); and the use of TensorFlow's Python API to run classification tasks on messages associated with these representations. We will also examine methods for visualizing these data representations in a lightweight web application, specifically focusing on interactive timelines.

